

(Edge Computing and) Decentralization

Breakout Session

MIR³, September 25, 2018

Decentralization from different backgrounds

- Concerns due to consolidation/centralization of power
 - In conflict with the initial design of the Internet (E2E communication)
 - Powerful actors nowadays that “replace” individuals
- Vehicular networks
 - Decision making and consensus in VANET
- Edge Computing, IoT
 - Service capabilities of sensors and actuators

What does decentralization mean?

- Different notions
 - Internet infrastructure on a smaller scale?
 - "Everything that is not centralized"
 - Distribution vs Decentralization?
- Who contributes?
- Who makes decisions?
- Who has authority?

Two main areas of discussion

- Trust
- Motivations, Incentives

Trust (1)

- Nowadays quite centralized: PKIs, root CAs, ...
 - Difficulty: deploying trust anchors on devices, updating them consistently
- Though also decentralized alternatives, e.g. Web of Trust
- How do we find a trust anchor? Communication vs human layer?

- Example: V2V communication: needs to be fast and secure
 - What about unknown vehicles? How flexible is this? Who is trusted?
 - Which actors? Cars, pedestrian, infrastructure/objects?
 - How do they communicate? What protocols?
 - Trust on a per-entity basis, or group? Trust all members of a group?

Trust (2)

- Trust may not be a good starting point
 - Maybe we should care about technical details first (protocols, resources, ...)
 - Driving currently not centralized; maybe simply wrong use case?
 - Is trust a root problem?
 - Simply connecting to each other does not require trust, e.g. in mesh networks
- Trust models: quite complicated
- E.g. trust through traceability:
incentivize behaving correctly, punish misbehaving, facilitated by traceability

Incentives and Motivations (1)

- Why would one want to decentralize things?
 - Centralized solutions perform well
 - However, gaining censorship-resistance and privacy
- The Internet used to be decentralized
 - E.g. sharing a photo with friends: simply putting it on a host, shareable with everyone through URL
 - Nowadays, sharing it on multiple platforms ("bubbles") required, shareable through ?
 - Which one is more convenient?

Incentives and Motivations (2)

- What hinders us from decentralizing things again?
 - Costs: marginal costs for adding users/nodes
 - Responsibility when running your own things, why would one want that?
 - Friction between research and industry
- → Missing incentives
 - Cryptocurrencies could help here: giving coins/tokens for participating
 - Combine cryptocurrencies and smart contracts with previous P2P research that was not sustainable back then
 - Partially solves the trust problem
- → find lightweight solutions that offer trust and incentives

Takeaways (1)

- Trust:
 - root of problem, or not related at all?
 - Communication vs human layer?
 - "Solved" statically for companies internally
 - However: dynamic addressing? IPv6? DNS required?
 - DNS as grayzone
- Incentives: long-term problem; coins/token might solve that
- Strong drivers to move to a decentralized Internet